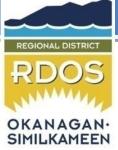
2021

ANNUAL WATER QUALITY MONITORING REPORT OLALLA WATER SYSTEM





Olalla Well Pump Station

Regional District of Okanagan-Similkameen

November, 2022



2021 ANNUAL WATER QUALITY MONITORING REPORT OLALLA WATER SYSTEM OLALLA, B.C.

Copy prepared for:

INTERIOR HEALTH AUTHORITY (IHA)

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1. Introduction

As the owner and operator of the Olalla water system, the Regional District Okanagan-Similkameen is responsible for the following Annual Report summarizing the results from the 2021 *Water Quality Monitoring Program*. The report is a conditional requirement of the *Permit to Operate* issued by the Interior Health Authority (IHA) and the *BC Drinking Water Protection Act and Regulation*.

2. System Description

The Olalla water system is located approximately 40 km to the southwest of Penticton and approximately 8 km north of Keremos within Electoral Area G. The system consists of a single deep source groundwater well, storage reservoir and distribution system. Water is pumped from the well into the distribution system and to an elevated storage reservoir. There is no treatment of the groundwater supplying the system. This water supplies domestic water to the community of Olalla, approximately 250 connections and supports fire protection.

3. System Classification and Operator Certifications

3.1. System Classification

The British Columbia Environmental Operators Certification Program (BC EOCP) is responsible for the classification of potable water systems in BC. The Olalla system remained classified as a Small Water System (SWS) in 2021.

3.2. Operator Certification

The *British Columbia Environmental Operators Certification Program (BC EOCP)* is also responsible for certification of all water system operators. Operators may hold certification(s) in the disciplines of Water Distribution and/or Water Treatment with four levels of certification achievable within each discipline. RDOS Operators annually attend courses, seminars and complete online training required to maintain their levels of certification. In addition, all operators annually continue to work on augmenting and furthering their levels of certification. All RDOS Operators are certified through the BC EOCP as indicated in the Table 1 below.

OPERATOR EOCP CERTIFICATION					_	WATER TREATMENT CERTIFICATION LEVELS			
No.	IV	III	II	ı	IV	III	II	- 1	
1162	Χ						Х		
4194			Х						
4840			Х				Х		
4839		Х						Х	
6926			Х					Х	
8761			Х					Х	
9322		Х						Х	

Table 1: RDOS Operator Certifications 2021

4. Annual Water Usage

The annual pumping volumes extracted from the Olalla well from 2005 to 20121 is presented below. In 2021, a total of 187,044 m^3 of water was pumped from the Olalla well up from 172,811 m^3 in 2020.

4.1. Consumption Records

	Cubic Meters (m³)	US Gallons	
Annual Total Usage	187,044	49,411,797	Date
Minimum Daily Flow	84	22,190	December 13, 2021
Maximum Daily Flow	1,456	384,635	July 1, 2021

Table 2: Annual Water Consumption 2021

Both annual and monthly water consumption has been trended as shown in the following two graphs.

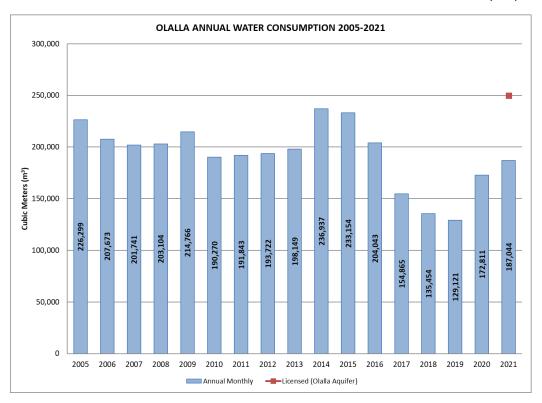


Figure 1: Annual Water Consumption 2005 to 2021

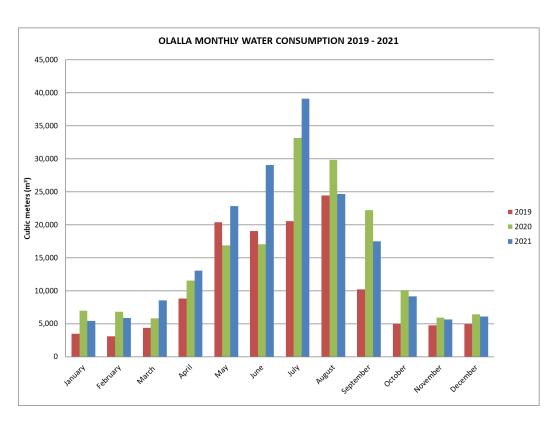


Figure 2: Monthly Water Consumption 2019 to 2021

4.2. Water Conservation

The Olalla system remained under Stage "Normal" for water conservation in 2021. The "Heat Dome" of 2021 was over the Okanagan from late June to mid-July. Additional messaging was utilized during these times encouraging residence to be cognisant of their water usage and to conserve wherever possible. With the continued heat, by the end of July the decision was made to move all RDOS water systems to Stage 1, which limited watering to two days per week.

5. Aquifer Monitoring

The RDOS monitors the aquifer level using the Olalla well. Below is the well level measurement trend for the Olalla well from 2018 to 2021.

Note: the measurements below are assumed in feet of water above the top of the well pump.

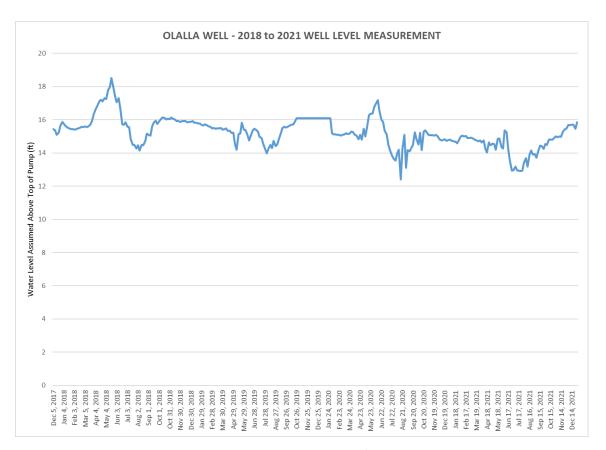


Figure 3: Olalla Aquifer Level

6. Source Water Quality Monitoring

All untreated source water quality parameters are compared to the *British Columbia Drinking Water Protection Act and Regulation (DWPA)* and the *Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality (GCDWQ)* unless otherwise noted, which could be indicated as an Operational Guideline (OG). The *DWPA* and *GCDWQ* define these parameters and set Aesthetic Objectives (AO) and Maximum Acceptable Concentrations (MAC).

All accredited laboratory tests in 2021 were performed by Caro Analytical Services (Kelowna, B.C.)

6.1. Source Water Bi-Weekly Monitoring

Bi-weekly monitoring of the Olalla well includes bacteriological grab samples and field measured parameters using field kits. Samples from the well were analyzed for Total Coliforms and *Escherichia coli* (*E.coli*). The table below summaries the bacteriological laboratory results and the field measured parameters from the Olalla groundwater well.

Analyte	Unit	Average	Minimum	Maximum	Number of Results	Number of Results with Exceedances
Field Results						
Conductivity	μS/cm	472	428	720	19	0
рН		7.67	7.18	7.99	20	0
Total dissolved solids	mg/L	336	303	512	19	0
Temperature	°C	9.8	8.2	12.1	20	0
Turbidity	NTU	0.18	0.08	0.46	28	0
Lab Results: Microb	iological					
Background bacteria	CFU/100 mL	79	<1	1200	28	0
E. coli (counts)	CFU/100 mL	<1	<1	<1	30	0
Total coliforms (counts)	CFU/100 mL	<1	<1	<1	30	0

Table 3: Olalla Well Bi-Weekly Testing 2021 Summary

6.2. Source Water Potable Water Testing

Annually, the RDOS submits a sample of the untreated well water to an accredited lab for comprehensive potable water testing. The results of these test are compared against the *Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality*. The *GCDWQ* establishes Maximum Allowable Concentration (MAC), Interim Maximum Acceptable Concentrations (IMAC) and Aesthetic Objectives (AO) for parameters if applicable. In 2021, there were no exceedances of the guidelines in Olalla's groundwater well annual sample.

This comprehensive test includes physical parameters (e.g. color, turbidity, temperature, ultraviolet transmittance), chemical parameters (e.g. hardness, total metals and nutrients). Changes in these parameters may result in the need for water notifications for customers (i.e. Boil Water Notice or Water Quality Advisory) or the requirement for treatment processes to be implemented. The following tables display the results for the respective comprehensive potable water tests along with summaries of the previous three (3) years of data for comparison.

6.2.1. Source Water General Potability Parameters 2021

		Guid	Olalla Well	
Analyte	Unit	GCDWQ MAC	GCDWQ AO	Sept 13, 2021 Sample
Lab Results: General				
Alkalinity (total, as CaCO3)	mg/L	NG	NG	168
Total organic carbon	mg/L	NG	NG	0.59
Chloride	mg/L	NG	250	9.30
Colour	CU	NG	15	<5.0
Conductivity	μS/cm	NG	NG	416
Total cyanide	mg/L	0.2 1.1	NG	<0.0020
Fluoride	mg/L	1.5	NG	<0.10
Hardness (as CaCO3), from total Ca/Mg	mg/L	NG	NG	193
Langelier Index		NG	NG	0.7
рН		NG	7.0 - 10.5 ^{2.1}	8.12
Total dissolved solids (computed)	mg/L	NG	500	250
Sulphate	mg/L	NG	500 ^{2.2}	56.1
Sulphide (total, as S)	mg/L	NG	0.047 2.3	<0.020
Turbidity	NTU	N ^{1.2}	NG	<0.10
UV transmittance at 254 nm - filtered	%	NG	NG	98.7
Nutrients				
Ammonia (total, as N)	mg/L	NG	NG	<0.050
Nitrate (as N)	mg/L	10	NG	0.247
Nitrite (as N)	mg/L	1	NG	<0.010

See Guideline Notes in Section 6.2.3.

 Table 4: Olalla Well General Potability Parameters 2021

6.2.2. Source Water General Potability Parameter Summary 2018 to 2020

Analyte	Unit	Average	Minimum	Maximum	Number of Results	Number of Results with Exceedances
Lab Results: General						
Alkalinity (total, as CaCO3)	mg/L	158	133	187	4	0
Total organic carbon	mg/L	1.35	0.53	2.15	3	0
Chloride	mg/L	15.08	9.29	31.4	4	0
Colour	CU	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	4	0
Conductivity	μS/cm	491	411	633	4	0
Total cyanide	mg/L	<0.0020	<0.0020	<0.0020	4	0
Fluoride	mg/L	0.12	0.10	0.18	4	0
Hardness (as CaCO3), from total Ca/Mg	mg/L	235	199	323	4	0
Langelier Index		-1.9	-9.3	0.8	4	0
рН		8.01	7.97	8.06	4	0
Total dissolved solids (computed)	mg/L	269	184	391	4	0
Sulphate	mg/L	80	58	107	4	0
Sulphide (total, as S)	mg/L	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	2	0
Turbidity	NTU	0.06	<0.10	0.10	4	0
UV transmittance at 254 nm - filtered	%	97.4	96.5	98.3	2	0
UV transmittance at 254 nm - unfiltered	%	92.8	92.8	92.8	1	0
Nutrients						
Ammonia (total, as N)	mg/L	0.084	0.02	0.199	3	0
Nitrate (as N)	mg/L	0.397	0.251	0.562	4	0
Nitrite (as N)	mg/L	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	4	0

See Guideline Notes in Section 6.2.3.

Table 5: Olalla Well General Potability Parameters 2018 to 2020 Summary

6.2.3. Guideline Notes for General Potability Parameters

1. Notes for Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality - Maximum Acceptable Concentrations (GCDWQ MAC)

Note 1.1 for Total cyanide:

The MAC for free cyanide is 0.2 mg/L. A maximum of 0.2 mg/L was used, in this report, to identify exceedances for total cyanide as means for determining the potential for exceeding the free cyanide guideline.

Note 1.2 for Turbidity:

"Waterworks systems that use a surface water source or a groundwater source under the direct influence of surface water should filter the source water to meet health-based turbidity limits, as defined for specific treatment **technologies**. Where possible, filtration systems should be designed and operated to reduce turbidity levels as low as possible, with a treated water turbidity target of less than 0.1 NTU at all times. Where this is not achievable, the treated water turbidity levels from individual filters should meet the requirements described in **GCDWQ**.

For systems that use groundwater that is not under the direct influence of surface water, which are considered less vulnerable to faecal contamination, turbidity should generally be below 1.0 NTU.

For effective operation of the distribution system, it is good practice to ensure that water entering the distribution system has turbidity levels below 1.0 NTU."

2. Notes for Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality - Aesthetic Objectives (GCDWQ AO)

Note 2.1 for pH:

The operational guideline for pH is a range of 7.0 to 10.5 in finished drinking water.

Note 2.2 for Sulphate:

There may be a laxative effect in some individuals when sulphate levels exceed 500 mg/L. Health authorities should be notified of drinking water sources containing above 500 mg/L.

Note 2.3 for Sulphide (total, as S):

The aesthetic objective for sulphide (as H2S) is 0.05 mg/L. This is equivalent to 0.047 mg/L sulphide (as S).

6.2.4. Source Water Total Metals 2021

Amalusta	l lait	Guid	Olalla Well		
Analyte	Unit	GCDWQ MAC	GCDWQ AO	Sept 13, 2021 Sample	
Lab Results: Total Metals					
Aluminum (total)	mg/L	2.9 ^{1.1}	0.100 ^{2.1}	0.0093	
Antimony (total)	mg/L	0.006	NG	<0.00020	
Arsenic (total)	mg/L	0.010 1.2	NG	0.00099	
Barium (total)	mg/L	2.0 ^{1.3}	NG	0.0732	
Boron (total)	mg/L	5	NG	<0.0500	
Cadmium (total)	mg/L	0.007 1.4	NG	<0.00010	
Calcium (total)	mg/L	NG	NG	56.9	
Chromium (total)	mg/L	0.05	NG	0.00051	
Cobalt (total)	mg/L	NG	NG	<0.00010	
Copper (total)	mg/L	2 ^{1.5}	1	0.0024	
Iron (total)	mg/L	NG	0.3	<0.010	
Lead (total)	mg/L	0.005 1.6	NG	<0.00020	
Magnesium (total)	mg/L	NG	NG	12.3	
Manganese (total)	mg/L	0.12 ^{1.7}	0.02 2.2	<0.00020	
Mercury (total)	mg/L	0.001	NG	<0.00010	
Molybdenum (total)	mg/L	NG	NG	0.00461	
Nickel (total)	mg/L	NG	NG	<0.00040	
Potassium (total)	mg/L	NG	NG	2.35	
Selenium (total)	mg/L	0.05	NG	0.00112	
Sodium (total)	mg/L	NG	200	10.1	
Strontium (total)	mg/L	7.0 ^{1.8}	NG	0.289	
Uranium (total)	mg/L	0.02	NG	0.000877	
Zinc (total)	mg/L	NG	5.0	0.006	

See Guideline Notes in Section 6.2.6.

Table 6: Olalla Well Total Metals Potability 2021

6.2.5. Source Water Total Metals Summary 2018 to 2020

Analyte	Unit	Average	Minimum	Maximum	Number of Results	Number of Results with Exceedances
Total Metals						
Aluminum (total)	mg/L	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.0050	4	0
Antimony (total)	mg/L	0.00016	<0.00020	0.00035	4	0
Arsenic (total)	mg/L	0.00106	0.00101	0.0011	4	0
Barium (total)	mg/L	0.0903	0.0742	0.116	4	0
Boron (total)	mg/L	0.025	0.0171	0.034	4	0
Cadmium (total)	mg/L	<0.000010	<0.000010	<0.000010	4	0
Calcium (total)	mg/L	69.5	58.2	96.8	4	0
Chromium (total)	mg/L	0.00073	0.00062	0.00082	4	0
Cobalt (total)	mg/L	<0.00010	<0.00010	<0.00010	4	0
Copper (total)	mg/L	0.00184	0.00109	0.00345	4	0
Iron (total)	mg/L	0.012	<0.010	0.024	4	0
Lead (total)	mg/L	<0.00020	<0.00020	<0.00020	4	0
Magnesium (total)	mg/L	14.9	12.9	19.5	4	0
Manganese (total)	mg/L	<0.00020	<0.00020	<0.00020	4	0
Mercury (total)	mg/L	<0.000010	<0.000010	<0.000010	4	0
Molybdenum (total)	mg/L	0.00617	0.00549	0.00707	4	0
Nickel (total)	mg/L	0.00294	0.0005	0.00629	4	0
Potassium (total)	mg/L	2.49	2.23	2.86	4	0
Selenium (total)	mg/L	0.00167	0.00119	0.00232	4	0
Sodium (total)	mg/L	12.6	10.9	16.7	4	0
Strontium (total)	mg/L	0.36	0.313	0.445	4	0
Uranium (total)	mg/L	0.001175	0.000969	0.00161	4	0
Zinc (total)	mg/L	0.0048	<0.0040	0.0083	4	0

See Guideline Notes in Section 6.2.6.

Table 7: Olalla Well Total Metals Potability 2018 to 2020 Summary

6.2.6. Guideline Notes for Total Metals Potability

1. Notes for Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality - Maximum Acceptable Concentrations (GCDWQ MAC)

Note 1.1 for Aluminum (total): The maximum acceptable concentration (MAC) for total aluminum in drinking water is 2.9 mg/L (2 900 μ g/L) based on a locational running annual average of a minimum of quarterly samples taken in the distribution system. (Update March 5, 2021)

Note 1.2 for Arsenic (total): Every effort should be made to maintain arsenic levels in drinking water as low as reasonably achievable.

Note 1.3 for Barium (total): Update January 24, 2020. The MAC was revised from 1.0 mg/L to 2.0 mg/L.

Note 1.4 for Cadmium (total): A maximum acceptable concentration (MAC) of 0.007 mg/L (7 μ g/L) is established for total cadmium in drinking water, based on a sample of water taken at the tap. (Update July 14, 2020)

Note 1.5 for Copper (total): A maximum acceptable concentration (MAC) of 2 mg/L is established for total copper in drinking water, based on a sample of water taken at the tap. Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality - Guideline Technical Document on Copper, June 2019.

Note 1.6 for Lead (total): The maximum acceptable concentration (MAC) for total lead in drinking water is 0.005 mg/L (5 μ g/L), based on a sample of water taken at the tap and using the appropriate protocol for the type of building being sampled. Every effort should be made to maintain lead levels in drinking water as low as reasonably achievable (or ALARA). (GCDWQ: Guideline Technical Document; March, 2019)

Note 1.7 for Manganese (total): Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality - Guideline Technical Document on manganese, May 2019.

Note 1.8 for Strontium (total): Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality - Guideline Technical Document on strontium, May 2019.

2. Notes for Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality - Aesthetic Objectives (GCDWQ AO)

Note 2.1 for Aluminum (total): The operational guidance (OG) value for total aluminum in drinking water is 0.100 mg/L (100 µg/L) to optimize water treatment and distribution system operations. This value is based on a locational running annual average. The sampling frequency required to calculate the locational running annual average will vary based on the type of treatment facility and the sampling location. (Update March 5, 2021)

Note 2.2 for Manganese (total): Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality - Guideline Technical Document on manganese, May 2019.

7. Distribution System Water Quality

All treated distribution system water quality parameters are compared to the *British Columbia Drinking Water Protection Act and Regulation (DWPA)* and the *Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality (GCDWQ)* unless otherwise noted, which could be indicated as an operational guideline (OG). The *DWPA* and *GCDWQ* define these parameters and set Aesthetic Objectives (AO) and Maximum Allowable Concentrations (MAC).

All accredited laboratory tests in 2021 were performed by Caro Analytical Services (Kelowna, B.C.)

7.1. Distribution System Bacteriological Results

The Olalla distribution system has two dedicated sample stations that are alternated between bi-weekly. Samples from the distribution system were analyzed for Total Coliforms and *Escherichia coli* (*E.coli*). Schedule A of the BC *Drinking Water Protection Regulation* provides bacteriological testing criteria as given below.

Schedule A
Water Quality Standards for Potable Water
(sections 2 and 9)

Parameter:	Standard:
Fecal coliform bacteria	No detectable fecal coliform bacteria per 100 ml
Escherichia coli	No detectable <i>Escherichia coli</i> per 100 ml
Total coliform bacteria	
(a) 1 sample in a 30 day period	No detectable total coliform bacteria per 100 ml
(b) more than 1 sample in a 30 day period	At least 90% of samples have no detectable total coliform bacteria per 100 ml and no sample has more than 10 total coliform bacteria per 100 ml

In 2021, seven distribution samples reported results for background bacteria and two distributions samples reported results for Total Coliforms. All distribution samples had no detections for *E.coli*. The following is a summary of the bacteriological laboratory results from the treated water distribution system.

Of the seven positive background bacteria results, three were elevated with greater than 200 CFU/100mL. Temporary chlorination of the Well and Distribution was carried out in November and December for approximately 25 days until two consecutive samples were non-detect for background bacteria.

Analyte	Sampling Location	Unit	Average	Min	Max	Number of Results	Number of Results with Exceedances
Lab Results: Mic	robiological						
Background	12th St	CFU/100 mL	73	<1	820	15	0
bacteria	N. Main St	CFU/100 mL	30	<1	440	15	0
E. coli (counts)	12th St	CFU/100 mL	<1	<1	<1	18	0
E. con (counts)	N. Main St	CFU/100 mL	<1	<1	<1	15	0
Total coliforms	12th St	CFU/100 mL	<1	<1	1	18	2
(counts)	N. Main St	CFU/100 mL	<1	<1	<1	15	0

Table 8: Distribution Water Bacteriological Testing 2021 Summary

7.2. Distribution Water Quality Field Parameters

The following is a summary of the field parameters that are measured routinely in the distribution system.

Analyte	Sampling Location	Unit	Average	Min	Max	Number of Results	Number of Results with Exceedances
Field Results							
Conductivity	12th St	μS/cm	449	425	550	12	0
Conductivity	N. Main St	μS/cm	445	426	460	10	0
nU	12th St		7.7	7.51	7.86	12	0
pH	N. Main St		7.81	7.68	8.04	10	0
Total dissolved	12th St	mg/L	319	299	395	12	0
solids	N. Main St	mg/L	285.7	3.3	326	10	0
Tomporaturo	12th St	°C	11.3	3.9	15.2	12	0
Temperature	N. Main St	°C	10	4.4	14.2	10	0
Turbidity	12th St	NTU	0.19	0.1	0.5	17	0
Turbidity	N. Main St	NTU	0.16	0.08	0.28	14	0

Table 9: Distribution Field Measured Parameters 2021 Summary

7.3. Water Quality Complaints

None to report for 2021.

8. Water System Notifications

The Interior Health Authority's team of drinking water officers are responsible for providing the oversight to ensure compliance and drinking water safety. The IHA is responsible for issuing *Permits to Operate* to drinking water systems. The Interior Health Authority has four (4) types of water notifications to inform users of negative impacts to water quality.

8.1. Water Quality Advisory (WQA)

There is some level of risk associated with consuming the drinking water but a Boil Water Notice is not needed. The risk is elevated for people with weakened immune systems, the elderly and infants and young children.

A Water Quality Advisory was issued on November 18, 2021 in response to elevated background bacteria counts reported in the Well and distribution samples from November 8th and November 15th. In response to this change in the bacteriological quality, temporary chlorination of the water system was carried out to disinfect the water system and resolve the elevated background bacterial presence. After two consecutive non-detect of background bacteria, the temporary chlorination of Olalla Water System was no longer required. Notices were issued advising residents of the temporary chlorination (November 18th) and subsequent

removal (December 3rd) through the RDOS's mass notification system along with signboards deployed in the community.

8.2. Boil Water Notice (BWN)

There are organisms in the water that can make you sick. To safely consume (swallow) the water, you must bring it to a rolling boil for at least 60 seconds, or use a safe alternate source of water.

No BWNs issued in 2021.

8.3. Do Not Consume (DNC)

There are harmful chemicals or other bad things in the water that can make you sick. You cannot make the water safe by boiling. The water can make you sick if you consume (swallow) it. You cannot used the water for drinking, brushing teeth, washing/preparing/cooking food or pet's drinking water. You can bath, shower and water plants and gardens with the water.

No DNCs issued in 2021.

8.4. Do Not Use (DNU)

There are known microbial, chemical or radiological contaminants in the water and that any contact with the water with the skin, lungs or eyes can be dangerous. Do not turn on your tap for any reason and do not use your water. You CANNOT make the water safe by boiling it.

No DNUs issued in 2021.

9. Program Updates and Status

9.1. Cross Connection Control Program

The RDOS continued work in 2021 towards implementing an official Cross Connection Control program and bylaw. On January 21, 2021 the RDOS adopted Bylaw No 2851, 2020 Cross Connection Control. Bylaw 2851 is a Regional bylaw that will be applicable to all RDOS owned and operated water systems.

9.2. Capital Works / System Additions

No items of note in 2021.

9.3. Emergency Response Plan

The Emergency Response Plan is scheduled to be updated in 2022.

9.4. Future System Upgrades

No items of note for 2022.

9.5. Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA System)

A SCADA system is an integral part of a modern water system. It is comprised of sensors, programmable controllers, communications and network devices installed at pump stations and treatment facilities. The SCADA system controls equipment such as pumps and monitors system operations while storing important data such as intake turbidity levels, pumping flow rates, and storage reservoir levels. The system also provides for efficiencies in operation and the response to system failures. This is achieved by the ability to monitor and view the system remotely through a software package along with the generation of alarms that will notify the system Operators when there is a problem or failure within a system.

In 2020 the RDOS had a consultant develop a SCADA Master Plan. This plan will assist with upgrades to the existing SCADA network along with providing a detailed plan on how to move forward into the future in an efficient manner.

In 2021 the RDOS implemented a new SCADA software package. This include new graphics that conformed to the specifications outlined in the Master Plan along with enhanced security for remote access and improved data trending capabilities.

9.6. System Maintenance/Upgrades

A new stainless steel distribution header was installed in the Pump House in October, replacing the aging steel header. Residents were asked to not irrigate and to conserve water as the only water source available was what in the Reservoir while this work was being completed.

In December a variable frequency drive (VFD) was installed for the Well pump to provide for more efficient and flexible operation of the pumping system.

9.7. Water Quality Monitoring Program

The Water Quality Monitoring Program is scheduled to be updated in 2022.

10. Summary

All tested source water parameters from the Olalla groundwater well met the applicable criteria in 2021. All tested distribution water parameters met the applicable criteria in 2021 with the exception of elevated background bacteria counts that resulted in a Water Quality Advisory and temporary chlorination of the system. The operation of the Olalla water system by a team of RDOS *EOCP* certified Operators resulted in the supply of the highest quality water possible to the community of Olalla. The RDOS continues to work on reviewing and upgrading the various programs that support facilitating the highest quality of water possible.